Statement by H.E. Mr. Triyono Wibowo
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International Organizations in Vienna
on behalf of the Group of Non-Aligned States Parties to the Treaty of the Non-Proliferation
of Nuclear Weapons

at the First Session of the Preparatory Committee
for the 2010 Review Conference of the States Parties
to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons
Vienna, 30 April – 11 May 2007

on Cluster 1 issues

Mr. Chairman,

It is an honour for me to speak on behalf of the Group of Non-Aligned States parties to
the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons on the immensely important issues of
Cluster 1; the implementation of the provisions of the Treaty relating to non-proliferation of
nuclear weapons, disarmament and international peace and security.

The NAM States parties to the NPT emphasise that the Treaty is a key instrument in the
efforts to halt the vertical and horizontal proliferation of nuclear weapons and an essential
foundation for the pursuit of nuclear disarmament.

The Group of Non-Aligned States parties to the Treaty reiterates its call for a full
implementation of the unequivocal undertaking given by the nuclear-weapon States at the 2000
Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, to
accomplish the total elimination of their nuclear arsenals leading to nuclear disarmament. That
undertaking should be demonstrated without delay through an accelerated process of negotiations,
and through the full implementation of the 13 practical steps to advance systematically and
progressively towards a nuclear-weapon-free world as agreed to at the 2000 Review Conference

Mr. Chairman,

The Movement remains deeply concerned by the strategic defence doctrines that set out
the rationales for the use of nuclear weapons, as demonstrated by the recent policy review by one
of the nuclear-weapon States to consider expanding the circumstances in which these weapons
could be used.

We deeply regret the continued inflexible postures of some nuclear-weapon States that
have prevented the Conference on Disarmament from establishing an ad hoc committee on
nuclear disarmament. The negotiation on a phased programme for the complete elimination of
nuclear weapons with a specified time frame, including a nuclear weapons convention, is
necessary and should commence without delay. In that regard, the Group reiterates its call to
establish as soon as possible and as the highest priority, an ad hoc committee on nuclear
disarmament.

Mr. Chairman,
The Movement remains concerned by the continued inability of the Conference on Disarmament to resume its negotiation of a non-discriminatory, multilateral and internationally and effectively verifiable treaty banning the production of fissile materials for nuclear weapons and other explosive devices, taking into account both nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation objectives. In this context, the Conference on Disarmament is urged to agree on a programme of work that includes the immediate commencement of negotiations on such a treaty with a view to their conclusion within five years. The Group is also concerned by attempts to limit the scope of the negotiations on a fissile material treaty as contained in the statement of the Special Coordinator in 1995 and the mandate contained therein, which was endorsed at both the 1995 Review and Extension Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and the 2000 Review Conference (Para. 5. WP/16 Nuclear Disarmament).

The Group of Non-Aligned States parties to the Treaty remains deeply concerned by the lack of progress towards achieving the total elimination of nuclear weapons despite some reports of bilateral and unilateral reductions. The Group is also concerned by the existence and continued deployment of thousands of such weapons, whose exact number remains unconfirmed, owing to the lack of transparency in various nuclear weapons programmes.

While noting the signing of the Treaty between the United States of America and the Russian Federation on Strategic Offensive Reduction on 24 May 2002, the Group stresses that reductions in deployments and in operational status cannot take the place of irreversible cuts in, and the total elimination of nuclear weapons. The non-entry into force of START II is a setback to the 13 practical steps in the field of nuclear disarmament adopted at the 2000 Review Conference. In that regard, the Group calls for the application of the principles of irreversibility and increased transparency by the nuclear-weapon States regarding nuclear and other related arms control and reduction measures (Para. 5. WP/16 Nuclear Disarmament).

Mr. Chairman,

The Group of Non-Aligned States parties to the NPT believes that the abrogation of the Treaty on the Limitation of Anti-Ballistic Missile Systems has brought new challenges to strategic stability and the prevention of an arms race in outer space. The Group remains concerned that the implementation of a national missile defence system could trigger an arms race, the further development of advanced missile systems and an increase in the number of nuclear weapons. In accordance with General Assembly resolution 61/58, the Group emphasises the urgent need for the commencement of substantive work, at the Conference on Disarmament, on the prevention of an arms race in outer space (Para. 7. WP/16 Nuclear Disarmament).

We believe that the possible development of new types of nuclear weapons and new targeting options to serve aggressive counter-proliferation purposes, as well as the lack of progress in diminishing the role of nuclear weapons in security policies, further undermine disarmament commitments (Para. 7. WP/16 Nuclear Disarmament).

The Group States parties to the Treaty underline the unanimous conclusion of the International Court of Justice that there exists an obligation to pursue in good faith and to bring to a conclusion the negotiations leading to nuclear disarmament in all its aspects under strict and effective international control (Para. 9. WP/16 Nuclear Disarmament).
The NAM States parties to the Treaty have called for the establishment of a subsidiary body on nuclear disarmament to focus on the issue of fulfillment of the obligations under Article VI (Para. 10 WP5: Nuclear Disarmament).

In closing, Mr. Chairman, the Group of Non Aligned States parties to the NPT reiterates its complete support to all Treaty States Parties in working constructively with positive outcomes to our deliberations. The stakes have never been higher.

Thank you.