Inputs for the Report of Main Committee II
of the 2010 NPT Review Conference
on Non-Proliferation
by The Islamic Republic of Iran

- In order to take measures to strengthen non-proliferation, the NWSs must refrain from cooperating with non-parties to the NPT and undertake not to transfer any nuclear material, equipment, information, knowledge, and technology to them.
- The Conference calls upon nuclear weapon States to withdraw any deployed nuclear weapons from territories of other States Parties.
- The Conference reaffirms the undertaking of all States Parties to refrain from any allegations against the peaceful nuclear activities of other States parties. The Conference noted that any allegations would have significant consequences in particular political and economic damages to the relevant State Party and is counterproductive to the overall confidence among States parties. To this end the Conference highlights the importance that the IAEA must be very vigilant in dealing with the open source information, baseless allegations and to ensure the authenticity of the presented documents, and not to found its verification activities on the non reliable evidences.
- The Conference decides to establish a mechanism for the settlement of disputes regarding the implementation of the provisions of this Treaty including to address and decide upon any arrangement to rectify and compensate any inflicted damages to the State party.
- The Conference stresses the IAEA role in nuclear disarmament and urges all NWSs that pending the total elimination of nuclear weapon to put their nuclear material and facilities under IAEA Safeguards. The IAEA should also verify the claims made by nuclear weapons States on the reduction of nuclear weapons and to apply its Safeguards to all related materials.
- The Conference recall the Resolution GC(53)/RES/16 on application of IAEA safeguards in the Middle East and Resolution GC(53)/RES/17 on Israeli nuclear capabilities by the IAEA General Conference and urges Israeli regime the only non-party to the NPT to accede to the Treaty without further delay and any conditions and put all its nuclear material and facilities under IAEA full scope safeguards,
- The Conference reaffirm that any attack or threat to attack against nuclear facilities of States Parties are clear violation of international law, UN Charter and relevant resolutions of IAEA. To this end, States Parties undertake not to attack or threat to attack any nuclear facilities devoted to peaceful purposes.

- The Conference stresses the necessity to conclude a code of conduct on confidentiality for IAEA safeguards.

- The Conference acknowledges that it is fundamental to make a distinction between legal obligations and voluntary confidence-building measures, in order to ensure that such voluntary undertakings are not turned into legal safeguards obligations.

- The Conference confirms that obligation under article III in verifying the peaceful nature of nuclear programs; provide credible assurances enabling States Parties to engage in the transfer of nuclear equipment, material and technology for peaceful purposes in accordance with Article IV. Therefore, States Parties to the Treaty are called upon to refrain from imposing or maintaining any restriction or limitation on the transfer of nuclear equipment, material and technology to States Parties with comprehensive safeguards agreements.

- The Conference strongly rejects attempts by any State to politicize the work of the IAEA, including its technical cooperation program, in violation of the IAEA Statute, and stresses that any undue pressure of interference in the IAEA, especially its verification process, which could jeopardize the efficiency and credibility of the IAEA, should be avoided.